

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Southwest District Office
40 South Main Street
Dayton, Ohio 45402
(513) 449-8357 285-6357



9/10/90

Richard F. Celesta Governor

#312-663-0791

PLEASE DELIVER THE FOLLOWING PAGES TO:

NAME: Courtney Schmidt, E&E

Amy Gibbous, DEPA SWDG

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES INCLUDING THIS COVER:

DATE: September 17, 1990

IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PAGES AND/OR ANY PROBLEMS ARISE DURING TRANSMISSION, PLEASE CONTACT US AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AT (513) 285-6357.

APPROVED TO TELECOPY: Months A: MINISTEN

THOMAS A. WINSTO

MESSAGE: Courtney - Here's the inste, we talked about If you have any guestions - CALL!

From Contamination Assessment Mill Creek

SURFACE WATER

August 1, 1990 The results of the 1989 surface water chemical analyses (samples 55751 and

752) are inconclusive, but visual observations indicate that the chemical ture of the Mill Creek is quite variable with time. Therefore, depending lely on laboratory analyses to evaluate the surface water quality in Section is impractical, and it could be misleading. The surface waters often ansport dead animal parts and human wastes downstream through Section 8. The hemical slicks noted during the sediment sampling and testing program created tentially hazardous breathing atmospheres in addition to polluting the aters.

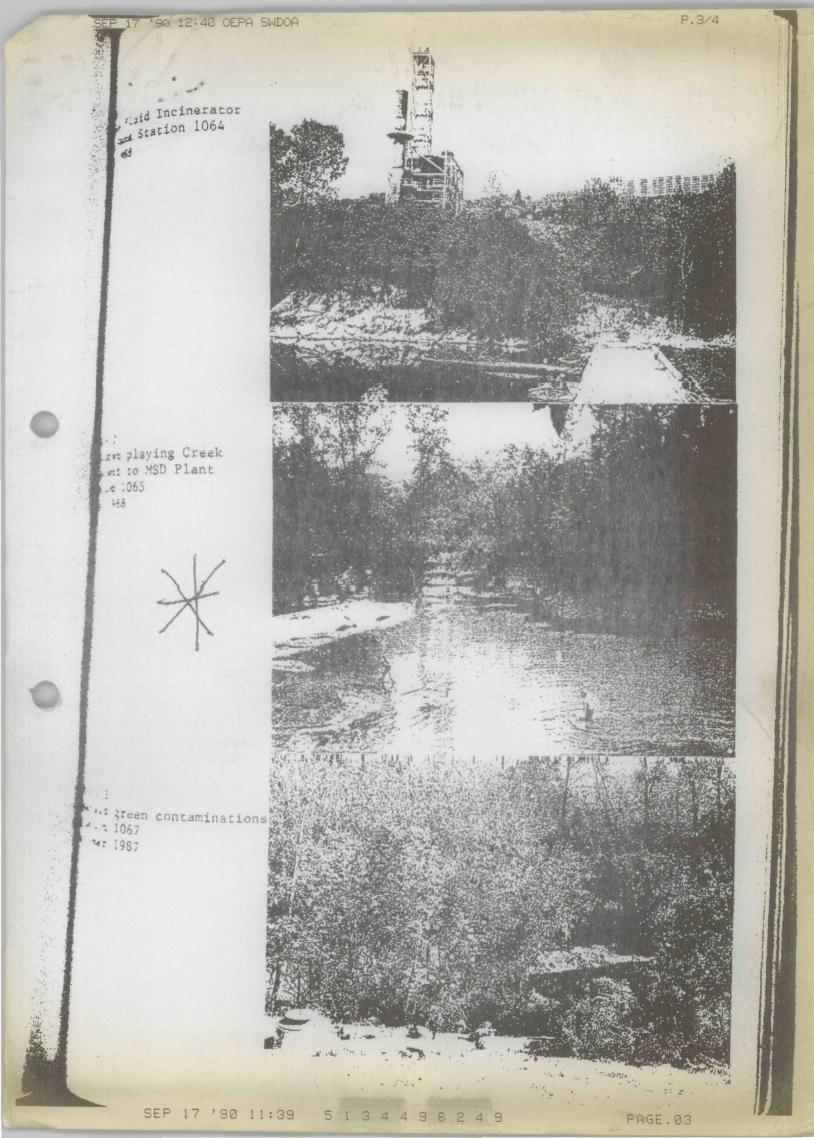
Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Action Levels for PCB's and chlordane re 2.0 ppm and 0.3 ppm respectively. The PCB level was exceeded for channel atfish in 1987 and 1988 and white bass in 1987. The channel catfish were near he action level for chlordane both years they were sampled. It is probable hat the source of the chlordane and PCB contamination found in the Mill Creek ection 8 sampling and analyses is the same as the source of those contaminants ound in the fish.

As previously stated, analyses for biological contamination in the surface ater was not attempted for this assessment. However, the visual observations ndicate biological pollution is persistent and severe.

Children have been seen playing in the creek on several occasions within Section 8 (Photograph 2 in Appendix E). Also, there is evidence of transients, apparently associated with the rail yard, having camp sites within Section 8. Although direct human contact with the contaminants found in Section 8 is infrequent, it does occur.

3.5 AIR

Continuous air monitoring along the creek channel throughout Section 8 was conducted for health and safety reasons during the 1990 creek bottom sediment mpling program. The air monitoring was conducted utilizing a Photovac MicroTip photoionization detector calibrated with hexane. The photoionization detector measures the total concentration of all airborne organic compounds with an ionization potential less than the voltage of the detector lamp (10.5 electron volts for this investigation). Some of the compounds which may have been detected during the monitoring include hydrogen sulfide, hexane, ammonia, vinyl chloride, acetone, and phenol. Readings were taken in the breathing zone (approximately 5 feet above the creek). Ten parts per million (10 ppm) above the background level was the exposure limit established for personnel working without respiratory protection during the sediment sampling program. Normal readings ranged from zero to a normal maximum of 8 ppm. However, as noted previously, two separate releases of volatile chemicals apparently occurred upstream, causing readings of 165 ppm and 525 ppm. On these occasions, the sampling work was abandoned and the site vacated until the chemical release passed and the ambient air registered below 5 ppm on the PID.



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State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

P.O. Box 1049, 1800 WaterMark Dr. Columbus, Ohio 43266-0149 (614) 644-3020 Fax (614) 644-2329

Richard F. Celeste Governor

September 7, 1990

Jeanne Griffin Pre-Remedial Coordinator USEPA, Region V: 7 TUB 230 South Dearborn Chicago, Illinois 60604

Dear Ms. Griffin:

I want to recap our recent telephone conversations for our records and as a means of sharing this information with Ohio EPA

USEPA will implement the 3745-27-13 provisions for sites so designated by DERR staff! This will be accomplished through your FIT contractors. Specifically, FIT, on USEPA's behalf, wilt notify the following entities: Property Owners, Local Board of Health' (City or County); and Zoning Authorities (or County) :Commissioners)

Notifications to Property Owners will be sent Certified Mail, return receipt requested and will include acknowledgement forms and stamped return envelopes. They will also include language to the affect that "failure to respond will be deemed constructive acknowledgement." These notifications will be mailed at least 2 weeks prior to scheduled intrusive sampling and preferably 17 month in advance. We will coordinate implementation and formalize these procedures over the coming months.

Please advise me of any errors in the above representation.

Thank you. Mark Besel

cc: Kathy Davidson, Manager, TPSS, DERR Jenny Tiell, Chief, DERR Brian Babb, Legal Cindy Hafner, Legal Tina Jennings, PreRemedial Coordinator Barbara Bonds, DSHWM Dave Sholtis, DSHWM DERR & DSHWM, District Section & Unit Managers